



Theoretical Physics

HOMWORK PROBLEMS #2
SI2400 THEORETICAL PARTICLE PHYSICS, 7.5 CREDITS
SPRING 2019

Deadline: April 29, 2019 @ 17:00
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- (2 pts) Calculate the cross-section of the process $u_R d_R \rightarrow u_R d_R$ in the s -channel considering only the weak interactions.
 - (2 pts) Explain why the τ lepton branching ratios are observed to be approximately:
$$\text{BR}(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \nu_\tau \bar{\nu}_e) : \text{BR}(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \nu_\tau \bar{\nu}_\mu) : \text{BR}(\tau^- \rightarrow \nu_\tau + \text{hadrons}) \approx 1 : 1 : 3.$$
 - (2 pts) In the textbook (Griffiths) the ratio of pion decay rates $\Gamma(\pi^- \rightarrow e^- \bar{\nu}_e) / \Gamma(\pi^- \rightarrow \mu^- \bar{\nu}_\mu)$ is shown to be suppressed because of parity violation in weak interactions. What would change if you consider the weak interaction to be vectorial?

2. Z decays:

Consider the decays of the Z boson in the electroweak theory.

- (2 pts) Draw the relevant diagram and calculate the partial decay width of the Z boson into a generic pair of fermions (at tree-level). Assume the Z boson is much heavier than any of the fermions.
- (3 pts) Calculate the total decay rate of the Z into electrically charged particles (experimentally visible in colliders). Use $M_Z = 92 \text{ GeV}$ and $\sin^2 \theta_W = 0.23$.
- (2 pts) Use the value of the total decay width reported by the Particle Data Group (pdg.lbl.gov) to calculate the number of neutrinos in the Standard Model.
- (3 pts) We now consider a hypothetical extension of the Standard Model with one additional generation of leptons with masses much smaller than the Z boson mass. What can you say about this model? What if they are heavier than the Z boson?
- (2 pts) Repeat the previous part if instead the additional fermions are neutral under all the symmetries of the Standard Model.